

# Product Sheet

## H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$ KO) Cell Line

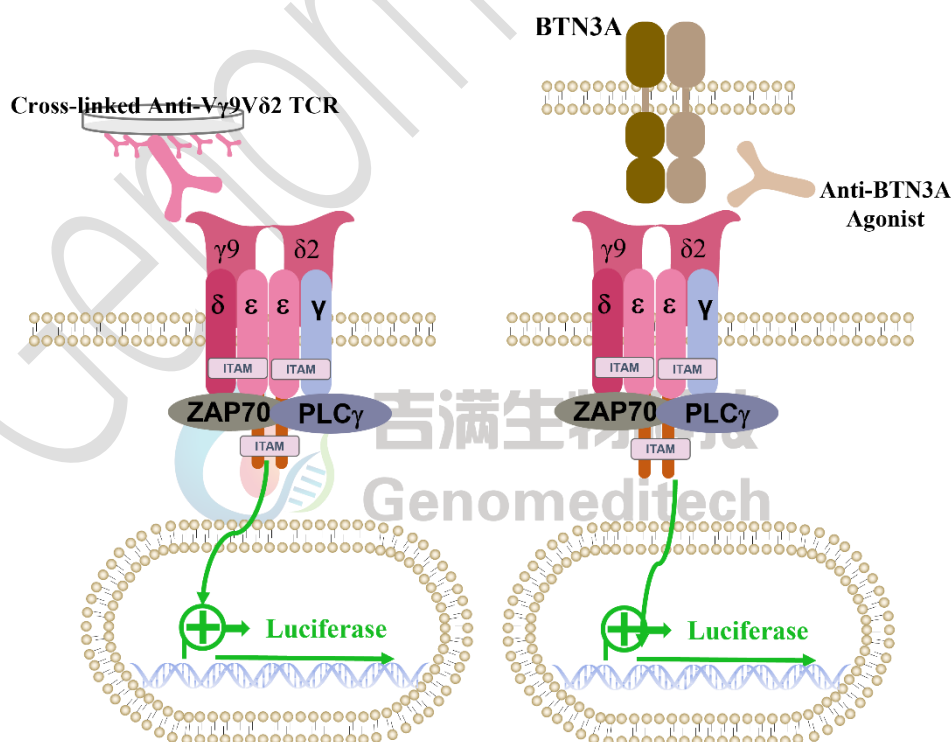
Catalog number: GM-C28019

Version 3.3.1.250116

$\alpha\beta$  T cells recognize "non-self" or tumor neoantigen peptides via their TCR and constitute 65%-70% of T cells. In contrast,  $\gamma\delta$  T cells, making up 0.5%-5% of T lymphocytes, have TCRs composed of  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$  chains and are mainly found in epithelial and mucosal tissues. They can recognize antigens without MHC restriction and effectively kill tumors and pathogens by activating through non-peptide phosphoantigens (PAGs). Monoclonal antibodies against BTN3A1 have been developed to specifically activate V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 T cells independently of PAGs.

Binding of BTN3A antibodies to Jurkat cells or V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR antibodies to V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 activates downstream signaling pathways, including ZAP-70 and LAT, which activate transcription factors like MAPK and NF- $\kappa$ B, promoting cell proliferation and cytokine production. V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 T cells can further enhance their function through cytokines (IL-2, IL-15) and costimulatory molecules (CD28, 4-1BB).

H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line is a clonal stable Jurkat cell line constructed using lentiviral technology, constitutive expression of the V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 gene and knockout of TCR $\alpha\beta$ , along with signal-dependent expression of a luciferase reporter gene. The luciferase activity measurement indicates the activation level of the signaling pathway and can thus be used to evaluate the in vitro effects of drugs related to V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115).



## Specifications

<b>Quantity</b>	5E6 Cells per vial, 1 mL
<b>Product Format</b>	1 vial of frozen cells
<b>Shipping</b>	Shipped on dry ice
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	Liquid nitrogen immediately upon receipt
<b>Recovery Medium</b>	RPMI 1640+10% FBS+1% P.S
<b>Growth medium</b>	RPMI 1640+10% FBS+1% P.S+3.5 µg/mL Blasticidin+400 µg/mL G418+200 µg/mL Hygromycin+0.75 µg/mL Puromycin
<b>Note</b>	None
<b>Freezing Medium</b>	90% FBS+10% DMSO
<b>Growth properties</b>	Suspension
<b>Growth Conditions</b>	37°C, 5% CO <sub>2</sub>
<b>Mycoplasma Testing</b>	The cell line has been screened to confirm the absence of Mycoplasma species.
<b>Safety considerations</b>	Biosafety Level 2
<b>Note</b>	It is recommended to expand the cell culture and store a minimum of 10 vials at an early passage for potential future use.

## Materials

Reagent	Manufacturer/Catalogue No.
RPMI 1640	VivaCell/C3010-0500
Fetal Bovine Serum	Cegrogen biotech/A0500-3010
Pen/Strep	Thermo/15140-122
Blasticidin	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-040404</a>
G418	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-040402</a>
Hygromycin	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-040403</a>
Puromycin	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-040401</a>
Clear Flat-Bottom Immuno Nonsterile 96-Well Plates	Thermo/442404
Anti-Vγ9Vδ2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-75325AB</a>
Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1)	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-52838AB</a>
Anti-CD3 epsilon hIgG1 Antibody [OKT-3 (muromonab)]	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-51478AB</a>
GMOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit	Genomeditech/ <a href="#">GM-040503</a>

## Figures

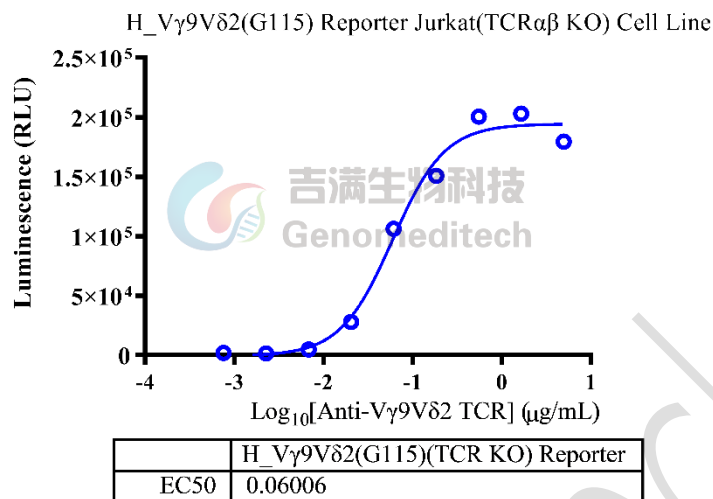


Figure 1 | Response to Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody. The H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well in a 96-well format. The wells were coated overnight with serial dilutions of Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody (Cat. [GM-75325AB](#)) in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S). After coating, the cells were added and incubated for 24 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GMOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. [GM-040503](#)). The maximum induction fold was approximately [104.9]. Data are shown by drug mass concentration.

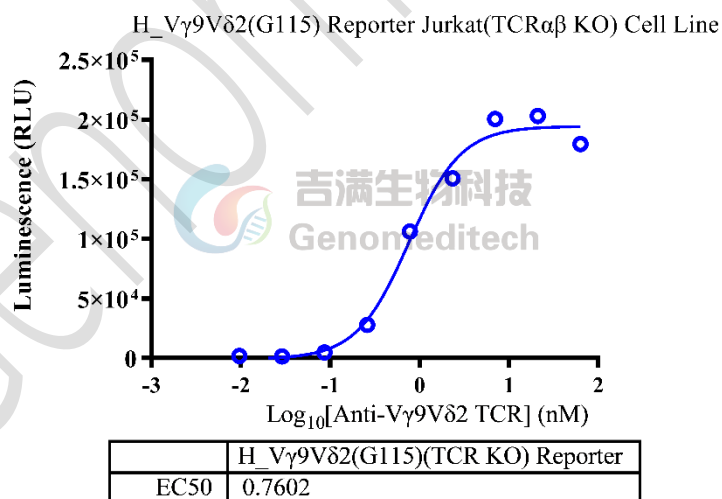


Figure 2 | Response to Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody. The H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well in a 96-well format. The wells were coated overnight with serial dilutions of Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody (Cat. [GM-75325AB](#)) in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S). After coating, the cells were added and incubated for 24 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GMOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. [GM-040503](#)). The maximum induction fold was approximately [104.9]. Data are shown by drug molar concentration.

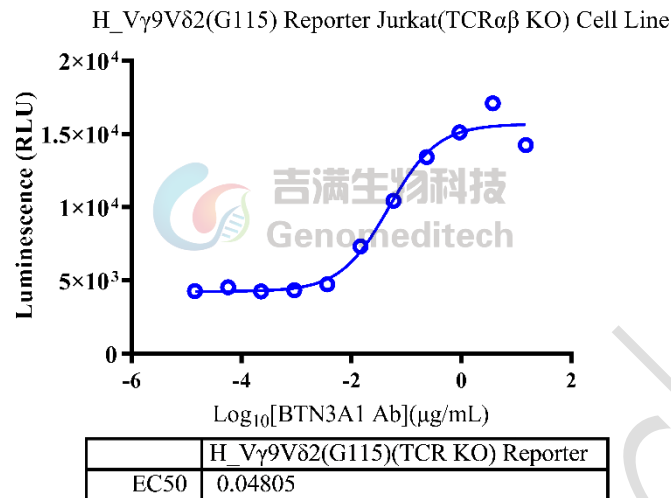


Figure 3 | Response to Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1). The H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well (96-well format) was stimulated with serial dilutions of Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1) (Cat. [GM-52838AB](#)) in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S) for 24 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. [GM-040503](#)). The maximum induction fold was approximately [3.3]. Data are shown by drug mass concentration.

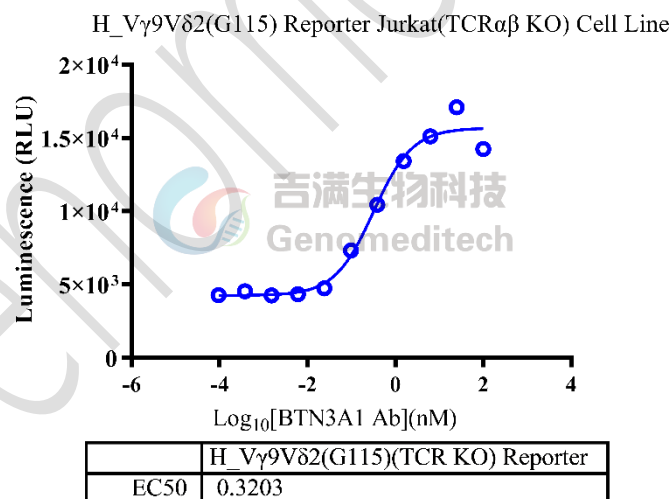


Figure 4 | Response to Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1). The H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well (96-well format) was stimulated with serial dilutions of Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1) (Cat. [GM-52838AB](#)) in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S) for 24 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. [GM-040503](#)). The maximum induction fold was approximately [3.3]. Data are shown by drug molar concentration.

H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line

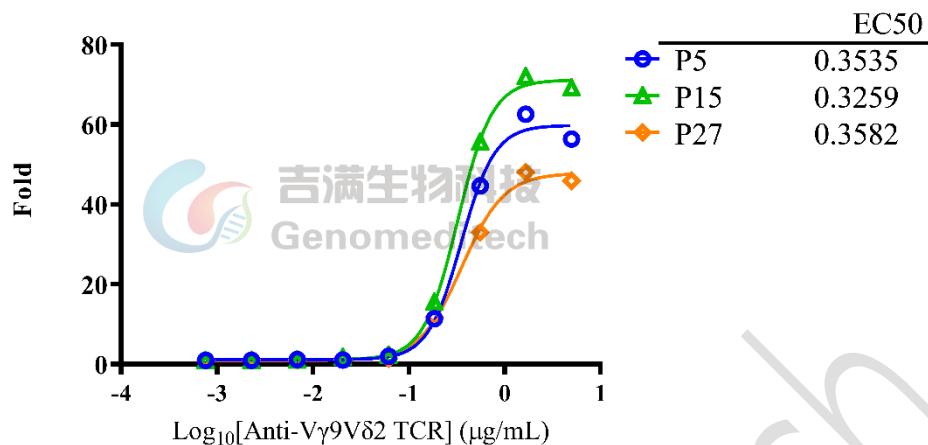


Figure 5 | The passage stability of response to Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody. The passage 5, 15 and 27 of H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well in a 96-well format. The wells were coated overnight with serial dilutions of Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody (Cat. GM-75325AB) in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S). After coating, the cells were added and incubated for 24 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GMOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. GM-040503). Data are shown by drug mass concentration.

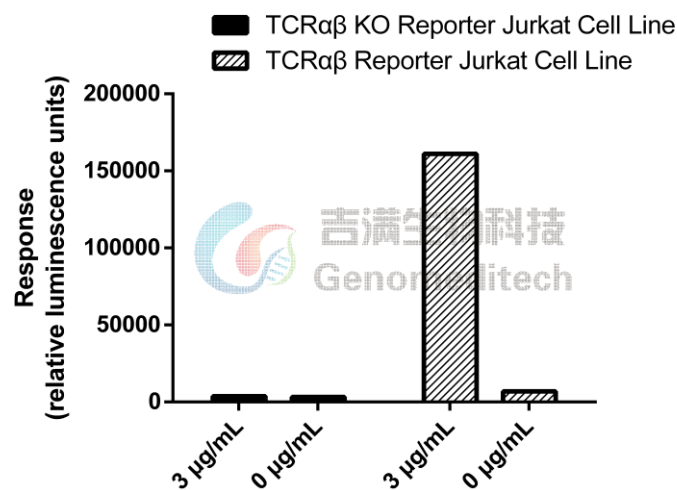


Figure 6 | Response to Anti-CD3 epsilon Antibody [OKT-3 (muromonab)]. The H\_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$  KO) Cell Line (Cat. GM-C28019) and TCR $\alpha\beta$  Reporter Jurkat Cell Line at a concentration of 1E5 cells/well (96-well format) were stimulated with Anti-CD3 epsilon Antibody [OKT-3 (muromonab)] (Cat. GM-51478AB) concentration of 3  $\mu$ g/mL or 0  $\mu$ g/mL in assay buffer (RPMI 1640 + 1% FBS + 1% P.S) for 16 hours. The firefly luciferase activity was measured using the GMOne-Step Luciferase Reporter Gene Assay Kit (Cat. GM-040503).

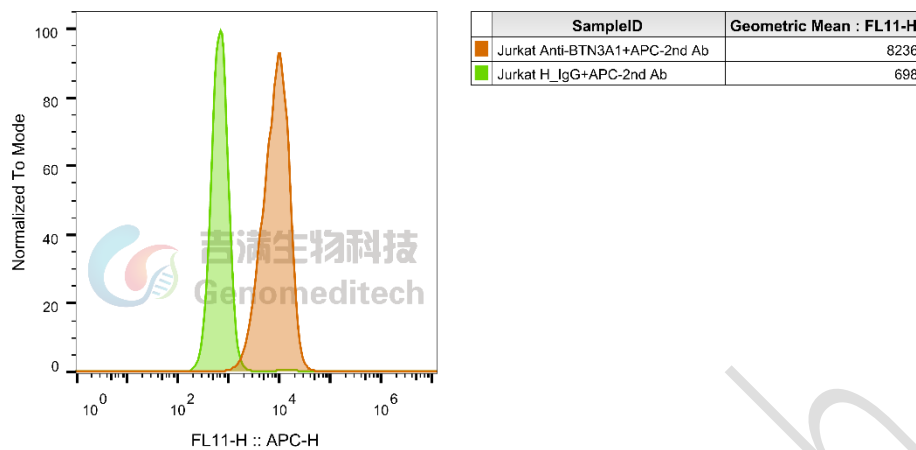


Figure 7 | Jurkat Cell Line was determined by flow cytometry using Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1) (Cat. [GM-52838AB](#)).

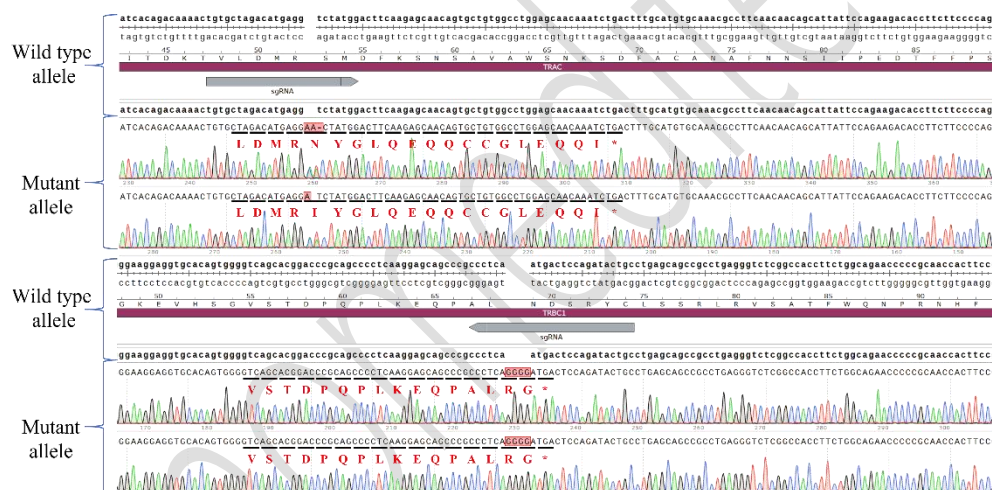


Figure 8 | The Sanger sequencing of the H\_Vy9Vδ2(G115) Reporter Jurkat(TCRαβ KO) Cell Line showed successful knockout of TCRαβ.

## Cell Recovery

Recovery Medium: RPMI 1640+10% FBS+1% P.S

To insure the highest level of viability, thaw the vial and initiate the culture as soon as possible upon receipt. If upon arrival, continued storage of the frozen culture is necessary, it should be stored in liquid nitrogen vapor phase and not at -70°C. Storage at -70°C will result in loss of viability.

- Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 - 3 minutes).



- b) Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions.
- c) Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 5.0 mL complete culture medium. And spin at approximately 176 x g for 5 minutes. Discard supernatant.
- d) Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium. And dispense the suspension into 1 - 2 T-25 culture flasks.
- e) Incubate the culture at 37°C in a suitable incubator. A 5% CO<sub>2</sub> in air atmosphere is recommended if using the medium described on this product sheet.

## Cell Freezing

Freezing Medium: 90% FBS+10% DMSO

- a) Centrifuge at 176 x g for 3 minutes to collect cells.
- b) Resuspend the cells in pre-cooled freezing medium and adjust the cell density to 5E6 cells/mL.
- c) Aliquot 1 mL into each vial.
- d) Place the vial in a controlled-rate freezing container and store at -80°C for at least 1 day, then transfer to liquid nitrogen as soon as possible.

## Cell passage

Growth medium: RPMI 1640+10% FBS+1% P.S+3.5 µg/mL Blasticidin+400 µg/mL G418+200 µg/mL Hygromycin+0.75 µg/mL Puromycin

Approximately 48-72 hours after the initial thawing, the cells can be passaged for the first time. After this initial passage, the culture medium can be adjusted to growth medium supplemented with antibiotics. If cells are not passaged within 48 hours, it is recommended to add some fresh recovery medium and place the flask horizontally.

- a) When the cell density reaches 1.5 - 2E6 cells/mL, subculture the cells. Do not allow the cell density to exceed 2E6 cells/mL.
- b) It is recommended to use T-25 flasks for subculturing.
- c) These cells are suspension cells, and it is recommended to use the "half-medium change" method to maintain optimal cell conditions during passaging.
- d) During passaging, you can directly add fresh growth medium to the culture flask, gently pipette to resuspend the cells, and then transfer the cell suspension to a new T-25 flask for continued culture.

**Subcultivation Ratio: Maintain cultures at a cell concentraion between 3E5 and 1E6 viable cells/mL.**

**Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days**

## Notes

- a) These cells are sensitive to density, so please ensure that the cell density is maintained within an appropriate range during culture and subculturing.
- b) During the first passage, pay attention to the nutrient supply; if not subculturing, make sure to add fresh recovery medium every other day as needed.

## Related Products

BTN3:V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2	
TCR Knockout Jurkat Cell Line	H_V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2(MOP) Reporter Jurkat(TCR $\alpha\beta$ KO) Cell Line
H_BTN2A1 HEK-293 Cell Line	H_BTN3A1 HEK-293 Cell Line
Anti-BTN2A1 mIgG1 Antibody(mAb 7.48)	Anti-BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(mAb1)
Anti-H_BTN3A1 hIgG1 Antibody(hu103.2)	Anti-V $\gamma$ 9V $\delta$ 2 TCR hIgG1 Antibody

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